The Weekly Louisianian.

"REPUBLICAN AT ALL TIMES, AND UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES."

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The State Central Committee of the Regular Republican Party meets daily at the headquarters.

All workers, and friends from the city parishes, are invited to call.

Office hours from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Committee.

WM. G. BROWN, Secretary.

Republican papers please copy.

AUTUMN LEAVES.

BY HELEN A. RAINS.

Hours of honors departed forever,
Pride of the glories that twine round their way,
Radiance of joys that will never, no, never,
Rise up to bless us when once they decay.

Leaves of the forest, though now ye have perished,
Promises unfold as you come to my view;
Hopes I have trusted, the hopes I have cherished,
Wither in ashes as lowly as you!

Hopes sinking or falling, or drifting before me,
Now I each motion with tear-filling eye,
Waking of dreams that were late in their glory,
Scattered, like thee, in my pathway to lie.

Sport for the wind in its various fancies,
Hopes for to-day, by to-morrow are gone;
Like the charms of a scene that romances,
Radiant an hour, ere another are flown.

Joys with the treasures that life gathers round us,
Moments are changing and friendships decay;
Vows, built with promise, but ere they have crowned us,
Fade in their glory to vanish away.

Yes, them, in ashes, no charms can restore thee
One of the beauties 'twas thine to display;
Flowers have been withered, and scattered before thee,
Soon you'll be lying as lowly as they.

—*Peterson's Magazine.*

SPEECH OF LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR PINCHBACK,

In Convention, on August 12, in Reply to Speech of General Hugh J. Campbell Advocating Liberal Affiliation.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention—I have listened with strict attention to the remarks of the gentleman who preceded me (General Campbell). I agree with him fully in much that he has said, and I differ with him on some points, and those points, I take it, embrace nearly the whole gist of his speech.

In order that I may stand before the people of this State in the light I desire to be in—in the light I wish to present myself—it will be necessary for me to go back a little in the political history of this State. On the ninth of August, one year ago, we had a disruption of our party, on the occasion of the assembling of the State convention.

The delegates were divided; part of them remained in the Custom-house and part of them went to Turner Hall, and both of these factions proceeded to organize what each claimed to be the regular Republican party of the State, and a struggle for supremacy ensued.

We, on the Turner Hall side, claimed that we were laboring under difficulties, arising out of the action of the federal officials, and we appealed to the President of the United States for relief. We sent a committee, of which I was a member, to wait on the President, to explain our troubles, and that committee failed to accomplish anything, and we returned home. Last winter another desperate struggle was made by the two factions, or rather by one of the factions, to get the other out of the control of the State Government and to get themselves in. Things were done during that time that no man can say we had not a just right to complain of. Affidavits were made by members of the House of Representatives, against the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and several members of the general Assembly for their arrest. We thought that when a fair and impartial statement of these grievances was made to his excellency, the President, he would remove the guilty persons and give us a chance to unite the party. Representations setting forth all the facts were made to him by Senators, and by at least one or two members of Congress; but all to no effect. He would not remove them. Of course that makes a heavy count against General Grant from our side of the house. But the evils which beset us, the troubles and difficulties under which we labored were not confined to Louisiana. In many of the other States the same troubles were complained of. Federal interference was becoming common in the other States, and was carried to such an extent that it was found necessary to take some steps to check it, and correct the abuses growing out of it. To this end many of the influential and best men of the country determined on the creation of a new party, and issued a call for a convention. Those Republicans who approved of the purposes which the original movers in the Liberal party had in view, met at Cincinnati and adopted a platform which they thought would correct these evils, and if it did nothing else would defeat General Grant for the nomination at Philadelphia. Well, the Philadelphia convention met, and without paying any attention to what had been done at Cincinnati, proceeded to nominate General Grant by acclamation, an act which if my knowledge of the political conventions of this country is correct, is without precedent, except in the case of the father of his country, George Washington.

Now, I feel as sore against General Grant as anybody, and I think it is not his fault that I was not murdered last winter, as was one of the members of the House of Representatives. Yes, murdered! cut off in the very bloom of his youth through the instrumentality of these people who had caused all our troubles, if not by their direct order. I thought when the Liberal Republicans met at Cincinnati and nominated Mr. Greeley that it was a liberal movement in spirit as well as in profession, and that it would bring about the result so glowingly described by the gentleman who preceded me (General Campbell).

In this State another party had sprung up; it was known as the Reform party, and in speaking of it I propose to state the facts plainly. I say there sprung up in this city a party, and it spread throughout the State, organized under the name of the Reform party. It made and adopted a platform of principles which no man, disposed to be just, black or white, could complain of; a platform that guaranteed the black man every right which the laws have given him, and one which was sustained both by their press and orators, one of whom, Mr. Marks, went further than the platform, and said he was not only willing to accord the black man his civil rights, but his public ones as well. I was asked to go into this Reform party, and many of my friends were asked, but I said, I'll wait and see what they are going to do; whether they are going to carry out what they profess or not. Well, what did the Reform party do? They held a convention in which there were but two colored delegates. It is true, they might have desired to have more and I believe they did, but it was the wish of the colored men, and I desired myself to see that convention, exclusively of white men, put a ticket in the field that would prove the sincerity of their professions and their devotion to their platform. At the same time the Reformers and Democrats, and these gentlemen, who made such fair promises to the colored people ignored the fact, that there was a large and organized element of disaffected Republicans in their midst. They did not think we were of sufficient importance to pay any attention whatever to.

They did appoint a conference committee to the Democratic party, and this committee made a ticket—a white man's ticket—which the Democrats refused to ratify and rejected. The Reform party finally went to the Baton Rouge convention, and I am told they dictated the ticket that was nominated there. This is a fact, as I was told by a gentleman of their State Central Committee. This looked like a blending of the races, this going in with Republicans to get a ticket which would fairly represent all parties and give us a government of the people and by the people. They no sooner did this than they turned their backs upon their friends at Baton Rouge, and proceeded to make terms with the Democrats by forming the united State ticket. I would suggest to these gentlemen that they modify that name and call it the "United States" ticket. They might get a few nigger votes on that. Well, the Liberal Convention has met, and what did it do? It sent a committee of conference to the Democratic and Reform parties—by the way, I thought there was no Reform party now, and there is not; it is all Democratic; there is no reform in it—and to our party with a view to a coalition. I attended the first meeting of the conference committee; the speeches made were excellent, and the principles enunciated by them, if carried out, would be the solution of all the difficulties between the black and the white man. I said to them: Gentlemen, you need no conference committee; only make such a ticket as will be acceptable to the black people as well as to the white people, and take my word for it, victory will perch on your banners, for it will receive the support of the entire people. Did they do that? [Cries of no, no.] We wanted Republicans on the ticket for part of the offices. Some said Warmoth was the best man; others prefered Anderson or General Longstree', or McCullom. They asked me for my man, and I said: Gentlemen, nominate an honest native square citizen of Louisiana for Governor, nominate a negro for the second place (loud cheers) on your ticket, and give the negroes a fair representation, and, take my word for it, they will support it. What did they say? They said they could not do it. They said we will nominate a good square old Democrat for Governor [jeers and hisses] and a white Republican for Lieutenant Governor.

It is with deep regret that I take issue with my old friend General Campbell. He has been an ornament to the Republican party of Louisiana, and to his great talents we owe much, and I have told him that to his talents we looked for much more good services to the Republican party. I opposed his course and pleaded with him not to follow it further, as it put a weapon in the hands of our enemies, who would say, look at those negroes how they drive a white man out of their party, or on the other hand, that the carpet-bagger finding he could no longer rule was determined to ruin us. I state now, gentlemen, while he and his white friends are here, and I hope there will not be many of them leave this convention when it indorses U. S. Grant. [Tremendous and prolonged cheering.] that for nearly five years the black men have stood a solid unit under General Campbell and his class, and if at this time our friend General Campbell should see fit to differ with us, it is but right that he should submit to the verdict of the majority of this convention. I tell him as I have told everyone of his class in this State, that if he has any consideration whatever from the native-born Louisianians, he owes that consideration to the very fact that he has been put into position by the black men. And while his idea may be a correct one, while his theory may be the true theory, I say at the same time that the very same motive which makes me waive my judgment, ought to appeal to him in tones of thunder to do the same. Side by side he has risen with me in this State. We were on the same ticket, and he got even a higher vote than I did, and that from the colored men. In the subsequent election also, the people rallied as one man to his support and again placed him in position. And sir, I appeal to you by every sense of right and justice to recant. I say to you now in public that the Republican party needs and hopes to have you in it. You may, possibly for the present, sir, have the New Orleans *Times*, the *Picayune* and the *Bee* to applaud your course, but you are entering on a road that has devious and tortuous windings, and is dark and uncertain, for as soon as these white people know that you have not a powerful black organization at your back, they wont have anything to do with you a carpet-bagger.

Why, sir, do you suppose that that convention of Southern chivalry which did me the proud honor—and I call upon you white people to hear the fact—to tender me, through its committee, the nomination for Congressman at large, did it because of any love for me? [Cries of no, no.] No, never, I'm still with them Pinchback the incendiary, the vagabond, the vagrant. But they thought my name on the ticket would bring a host of colored people to its support, and for that reason they were willing to support me, suppose corruption and all. [Cheers.] Their conduct has convinced me that they were not in good faith. What prevented them from nominating Republicans and nominating a black man as Lieutenant Governor, and me as Congressman at large. I did not say I would refuse their nomination, I said make a ticket that I can advocate and I'll support it. But they did not do this; they were not sincere; they were acting upon expediency and policy, and trying to cajole the people. They may say I am a knave if they please, and I care not, but they cannot say I am a fool, and I don't intend to give them any chance hereafter to say so. [Cheers.]

Now, I have diverged from the subject under consideration for the reason that I felt it my duty to reply to the remarks of my friend [General Campbell]. I will now take up the subject under discussion, namely, the substitute offered by my friend, the gentleman from Assumption. He offers as a substitute a series of resolutions, if I understand it, indorsing Greeley and Brown, and the Cincinnati and Baltimore platforms.

[Mr. Swords, interrupting—Not Baltimore, Governor; that is left out.] The Lieutenant Governor proceeded. Now, I have studied that subject carefully. I have written and telegraphed to all the influential men in the country, in order that I might make no mistake. I have even solicited the opinion of Charles Sumner, and of all the eminent colored men in the country. I communicated with Mr. Sumner, because I wanted to know exactly what he was going to do. I didn't intend to have Mr. Sumner's dispatch printed, but by some circumstance for which I am not responsible, it was published.

I am here to oppose with all my might and main the proposition of my friend from Assumption because I believe it will bring about the very result which those gentlemen tell you would be the result of the success of a white man's party in Louisiana.

Every man in this convention knows that I do not like to swallow the Kellogg ticket, or a portion of it, but rather than adopt this substitute, I would sugar coat it and swallow it whole, and if, as it is proposed, some of you go out of this convention I shall move that the remainder of us adopt the ticket intact—Kellogg, Antoine and all. I do not intend to bid for Congressman at large, and I mean to show this people that there is one man at least in Louisiana that puts his principles above office. [Cheers.]

My friend has appealed to us in powerful language to remember that for the first time in the history of Louisiana the white people have offered terms to the colored men. I go further. It is the first time in the history of American politics that a convention almost exclusively of white men have met and extended the olive branch to the black people. I recognize that fact as another indication that the great principles enunciated by the founders of our country are marching inevitably to their consumation. I believe that it is another evidence that the rights of man will eventually be recognized by every man on our soil.

I come down now to his Excellency's part—the one I would fain have passed over. It has been my province to be his friend the past two years. I am his friend yet, and intend to continue his friend on the same principle that my friend Carter is a Grant man, and if I ain't his friend till the end of his administration the fault will not be mine. I know and appreciate the work of Governor Warmoth in Louisiana. I know that demagogues and designing men have made him unpopular, but he has done much good—enough good, in my judgment, to warrant his re-election, and all fate could not have prevented it but for his unfortunate difference with the President of the United States, and his subsequent withdrawal from our party. He has gone. I don't choose to follow him.

I want to do every man justice, and I want especially, to do justice to my friend General Campbell. He says he is going to leave us as Governor Warmoth has done, but I hope he will reconsider his purpose and remain in the party of which he has so long been an honored member, and I can not believe even yet that he will go.

I wish to say that I don't believe, as mony do, that the Governor will use the power put in his hands by the Republican party to break it down and destroy it. I believe he will give us a fair trial and open chance, and that is all I ask, and all the Republican party asks.

In conclusion, let me say that I have made great sacrifices, both of means and time, and even social friends, for many who are now opposing me. I see those that I have sustained in trying hours fail me now. I see the white men—not all, but some of the white men—in this convention who know that if it went into nominations they would probably place at the head of the ticket my humble self, preparing to bolt. This is the unkindest cut of all. They may go, but by the Eternal I'll follow them no further.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE REGULAR Republican Convention.

[FIRST DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.]

Friday, Aug. 9 1872.

[AFTERNOON SESSION.]

At 3 o'clock P. M. the Committee on credentials made their appearance and the convention was called to order. The Chairman of the committee presented the list of additional delegates and recommended its adoption.

Some discussion took place on the admission of certain delegates, and also on the proper course for the convention to pursue with reference to proxies. Several proxies whose credentials were regarded as as genuine had their names placed on the roll, and others whose were not so regarded were rejected.

The additional list was then received, and being added to the original list of members, the roll of the convention stood as follows:—

Assension—Charles N. Lewis, L. E. Bently, Charles F. Smith, W. G. Wilkinson, Milton Morris.

Assumption—H. L. Swords, George Washington, Robert poindexter, A. J. Escherris. Levi Williams, Thomas Divine, Jonas Hughes, John S. Johnson.

Avoyelles—L. J. Souer, P. McGloire, C. Peter, Charles F. Huseman. Henry Dupe, F. Lattamore William Greenhouse.

East Baton Rouge—T. W. Hurst. N. Underwood, G. G. Fisk, A. Langé, C. Lesage, S. W. Ringgold B. B. Baranco, A. E. Beans.

Bienville—A. F. Coleman, George King.

Bossier—Aaron Harrison. C. F. Abell, John Williams, Charles P. Wiggins.

Caldwell—A. W. Faulkner.

Caddo—M. A. Walsh, M. H. Crowell, S. Armstead, John Jones, G. L. Smith, Moses Sterritt. T. M. Smith, J. Sella Martin, F. Garry, Gus Marshall.

Catahoula—S. Marvin, T. Moore, R. L. Brooks, Nathan Brown.

Concordia—A. B. Harris, David Young, Owen Stewart, George Washington, E. W. Wall, J. H. Clay, Thomas Reiber, Andy Walton.

Carroll—W. L. McMillen, John H. Green, James Andrews. T. B. Rhodes.

Claiborne—W. J. Blackburn.

De Soto—Henry Williams, M. Carr.

East Feliciana—J. Sullivan, E. H. Lipperman, J. L. Thorpe, George Washington, Anthony Carroll, W. C. Williams.

Franklin—N. L. Homer, C. Lewis.

Grant—William Ward, James A. Johnson, Thomas Johnson, E. H. Flowers.

Iberia—Julian H. Levy, Abraham Carter, Joseph A. Judice.

Iberville—Thomas H. Noland, P. G. Deslonde, G. B. Loud, Daniel Askins, William Jones A. Durand, Stephen H. Jackson, John Phillips, S. Downs, Newman Garner, Charles E. Halstead, Albert Verrett.

Jefferson—R. G. Gardner, W. B. Grech, S. H. Henry, J. E. Parker, W. R. Chapman, William Brown, John Henry, Jesse Tasco, Micheal Lee, Joseph Stephens, Joseph Burrill, Antoine Soule.

Lafayette—F. Martin, A. B. Francios.

Lafourche—Oscar Crozier, William Murrell, J. P. Hartman, L. J. Commeaux, Wesley Stafford, H. Franklin, E. Levy, R. Bombarker, George Watson, Nelson Taylor, Washington Whitley, A. L. Brooks.

Morehouse—Thomas H. Johnson, W. F. Blanchard, Richard Farren, Thomas Morehead.

Madison—A. J. Creamer.

H. C. Myers, M. P. Blackstone, J. J. Bossier, J. R. Hornsby, J. Lewis, D. H. Boullt, James Revels, Edmond Mason, Stephen Jackson, Ed. Mitchell.

Natchitoches—Raford Blunt H. Raby.

Orleans—First ward—Thomas, Isabella, J. P. Murphy; Thomas Boswell, Randall McDonlad, W. P. Cassis, P. W. Woodruff, James S. Nobles, Arthur Frilot.

Second ward—H. C. Dibble, P. E. Bechtel, L. Brown, Thomas Murray, William Baker, Joseph Garcia, Charles Labuzan, Fred A. Johnson.

Third ward—J. W. Quinn, W. Walsh, W. B. Barrett, Thomas Lynne, W. W. Johnson, P. Creagh, Thomas Daily, A. E. Barber, E. P. Chase, W. G. Brown, W. H. Waters, R. Smith, John Keller, John L. Davis, Charles Montaldo, George C. Bears.

Fourth ward—C. F. Butler, P. B. S. Pinchback, L. Duffy, William Weeks, R. C. Howard, Raphael St. Almand, Robert Malcolm, Leon Populus.

Fifth ward—Jules Lanabere, Earnest Alix, William Vigers, H. Boutte, Philip Montaine, Henry Reis, Octave Rey, E. Davis, J. N. Reynolds, N. Lastrapes, E. Quirk, T. E. Medley.

Sixth ward—H. J. Campbell, L. P. J. Capla, F. E. Benedict; Charles Bergeron,

Seventh ward—Julian Narcisse, Numa Bousquet, L. A. Thibaut, A. Montfort, George Jackson, P. Collins, L. P. Pigeaux, St. Felix Casanave, Louis Smith, W. H. Green, John Hussy, William J. Moore.

Eighth ward—Daniel C. Depas, F. Bournes, Gus. Lacoste, Louis Whitlow.

Ninth ward—Thomas Carey, John Augustin, George Rowald, David Douglass, Alfred Jones, J. W. Edwards, Foster Chase, John Major.

Tenth ward H. C. Warmoth, F. C. Remick, E. P. Ducloslange, Peter Joseph, Joseph Zellars, Seymour Alcorn, Allen Bibb, Charles Bibb.

Eleventh ward—H. G. Pearson, A. M. C. Hearsey, J. J. Herron, M. H. McLemore, E. C. Vankirk, P. J. Isabella, David Fisher A. J. Johnson.

Twelfth ward—George Bradley, E. C. Johnson, M. C. Carroll, John Marks.

Thirteenth ward—J. P. Gaudet, J. Grastkamp, William Brandick, Oliver H. Wollay.

Fourteenth ward—W. R. Fish, Madison Brown, R. W. todd, Eugene Claiborne.

Fifteenth ward—R. Buchanan, H. Fuentes, J. H. H. Camp, H. W. Farrell, S. Bunkley, David Mason, W. W. Freeman, H. Carroll.

Ouachita—R. J. Caldwell, D. Hill, S. Bird, J. Ennemoser.

Plaquemines—E. Butler, H. Mahoney, L. C. Courcelle, Wesley Green, O. B. Sarpy, J. L. Huntington, C. V. Thibaut, Frank White, A. Againa. Harvy Oscar, Cornelius Brown, Philip Hijeson, Jr., D. A. Thibault, Henry Bes, Barthelemy Donmor, James Johnson.

Pointe Coupee—Emile Honore, J. C. Patrick, Cracien Dennir, Leandre Vallerie, E. Manchester, Louis Preval, H. C. Tournior, Thomas Williams.

Red River—M. H. Twitchell, L. W. Dewees.

Richland—W. T. Oliver, C. H. Moore, A. O. P. Pickens, R. A. Dewees.

Rapides—G. Y. Kelso, Joseph Connaughton, John Mayo, H.

[CONCLUDED IN THIRD PAGE.]

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WM. G. BROWN, Editor and Publisher

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OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

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R. L. BROOKS, of Catahoula.

STATE, CONGRESSIONAL, AND ELECTORAL TICKET, UNANIMOUSLY NOMINATED BY THE REGULAR REPURLICAN PARTY, AUGUST 13TH, 1872.

FOR GOVERNOR,
P. B. S. PINCHBACK,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
A. B. HARRIS,
OF CONCORDIA.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
GEORGE B. LOUD,
OF IBERVILLE.

FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS,
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FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC EDUCATION,
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OF ORLEANS.

FOR CONGRESS—STATE AT LARGE,
H. C. DIBBLE,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT,
EDWARD BUTLER,
OF PLAQUEMINES.

FOR CONGRESS—SECOND DISTRICT,
A. E. BARBER,
OF ORLEANS.

FOR CONGRESS—THIRD DISTRICT,
THOS. H. NOLAND,
OF IBERVILLE.

FOR CONGRESS—FOURTH DISTRICT,
J. MADISON WELLS,
OF RAPIDES,—Long term.
E. H. FLOWERS.
OF GRANT,—Short term.

FOR CONGRESS—FIFTH DISTRICT,
DAVID YOUNG,
OF CONCORDIA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1872

☞ Hons. A. B. Harris and L. J. Souer left the city on the Jackson road on Wednesday last on a short trip to the North.

☞ Not a bad thing is going the rounds of the "fun" columns of the newspapers. It is that since the appearance of Greeley fans in Norfolk, Va., the girls say, instead of "Chawles, fan thine own," "Augustus dear, Greeley me."

☞ One of the most pleasing incidental evidences of the popularity of the ticket nominated Aug. 13, is to be found in the endorsement of it by hosts of the hitherto Custom-house devotees. This is explained by the fact that their ticket was good because, there was no other in the field, but now that a really good square Republican ticket has been put up, the old one is compared with the present one and it is in racing terms—"no where."

OUR CONVENTION AND ITS WORK.

After the lapse of three months of laboring, and waiting, the Regular Republican party of Louisiana have met finally and done a noble work and in a noble manner. All the apprehensions and anxieties, the doubts, fears, and uncertainties of our friends, are now set at rest. The prolonged and embarrassing suspense in which Republicans have necessarily been held since May, the meeting and adjourning, the "marching up the hill and marching down again" as our Baton Rouge voyage was sarcastically pronounced by our mistaken brethren of the Customhouse, are all happily over, and the Republicans should feel fully compensated for all the postponements and delays in action. The adjourned and augmented convention met on Friday Aug. 9, and till Tuesday labored strenuously and incessantly for the restoration of harmony in our ranks on honorable terms.

Unasked, our Convention appointed a committee on conference, and for two days postponed final action. Privately the members of the Convention, and the friends of right and justice urged—but in vain—the unity of the party. Deaf to every entreaty, stubborn, vindictive and implacable, no adequate concession could be received. One—and one man only, placed his resignation in the hands of the committee, and Colonel James Lewis, for so magnanimous and patriotic a course, received appropriate recognition by the unanimous laudatory resolution of the Convention and he will yet deservedly receive more substantial rewards of his disinterestedness and self-sacrifice.

Failing, however, on every attempt to harmonize, the Convention unanimously opposed to ratify the nominations of candidates unfairly and unjustly thrust upon the people, proceeded to open, unconstrained nomination of such a ticket, nominated in such a manner as could and would commend itself to the approbation and support of *all of the Republicans* of Louisiana.

In the performance of this responsible and urgent task, the action of the delegates was remarkable for its resolution, unanimity and integrity. No such assemblage of men with such work to perform ever discharged their duties with more devotedness to principle and singleness of purpose than did our convention. With piles of money in the hands of lobbyists, ready to be dispensed in purchase of nominations, no man dared to tamper with the honest, incorruptible members of the convention, and the members of it impressed with the gravity of their work at this juncture, completely ignored every consideration save putting in nomination unexceptionable Republicans, and squarely arraying themselves in favor of the platform and nominees of the Philadelphia Convention. They have thus done the best their ability afforded. They have done well, acted nobly, angels could no more.

The delegates have separated, and the majority have gone to their homes, with their hearts charged with the glorious tidings for their anxious constituents. These men are in earnest, and the candidates they have nominated intend to maintain their ground, and there is not a particle of foundation in the assertion that they are put up for the purpose of forcing terms. They dont ask for any more terms than any other class of Republicans may need and seek. They intend to draw the lines sharp and distinct and to the great bulk of the people will they go equally with those who have no right to exclusively monopolize the popular choice.

The *Harrisburg Journal* of August 12th, furnishes this following item of interest:

The abolition of slavery in Cuba is a great result, in harmony with the events that are assuring the oppressed all over the world, but the greatest blessing mankind has enjoyed since the advent of religion's new dispensation is the progress and triumph of the Republican party. The emancipation of the serfs of Russia soon followed the freedom of the slaves of the South, and now we have freedom proclaimed in Spain and throughout her colonies. The idea of defeating a party which produces such results at home and abroad, is simply ridiculous. Look to Vermont and Maine!

SERENADE TO LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR PINCHBACK.

On Tuesday night at about 10 o'clock while the residence and neighborhood of Lieutenant Governor Pinchback were resounding with the enthusiastic congratulations of friends, who on the occasion of his nomination for Governer "delighted to honor him," and while the majority of the other candidates, who were present, were exchanging civilities with their friends, the stirring music of Charley Jaeger's Silver Cornet Band broke upon the ear, and "nearer yet and nearer still" it came, till, suddenly it died away. The cessation was a brief one, the Band, accompanied by a large number of the warmest friends of Mr. Pinchback reached his residence and immediately some of Jaeger's sweetest strains were sent out. It was not long before the street in front of the house was crammed with people, who during every intermission sent up enthusiastic cheers for "Pinchback." The doors of the Lieutenant Governor's residence were thrown open and his visitors invited to partake of his cheering hospitalities. Not content with this, speeches were demanded, and the Lieutenant Governor, and Senator A. B. Harris, the nominees for the first and second offices, and Senator Butler, of Plaquemines, nominee for Congress suitably and ably responded to the calls.

The vein of fixed resolution which pervaded and characterized all they said was certainly calculated to remove any impression that the candidates of our party are not in down right flat-footed earnest. After a lengthy and most enthusiastic visitation, the serenading party repaired to the residence of General A. E. Barber, the nominee for Congress from the second congressional district and went through a similar round of enjoyment, and then left the recipients of their compliments to take refuge in sleep which we have no doubt they promptly endeavored to do.

THE BRONSON-HOLBROOK CONTEST.—Mrs. Bronson spurns "the law's delay" in putting her in possession of Mr. Holbrook's property; and so Wednesday, during his and Mrs. Holbrook's absence from the city, and the absence of the servants, she took a smith of some sort and broke the locks and took forcible possession. Simultaneously with this forcible entry, an injunction issues from the Eighth District trict Court commanding Mr. Holbrook and everybody else to refrain from any interference with Mrs. Bronson. This is a serious turn in this singular case, and as Mr. Holbrook will very likely be hurrying back to the city to look after his house, furniture and private papers, etc., fresh excitement may be expected. In the meantime the sensational portion of the community is on the tiptoe of expectation for the next turn.

There is one radical wrong which those who bolted the regular Republican Convention and went to the Liberals committed, that deserves reprehension above everything else. They palpably misrepresented their constituencies when they formed themselves into a body and endorsed a national and State ticket in diametrical opposition to that they were sent to New Orleans to endorse. No honest man could find fault with these gentlemen, if they from conviction felt themselves driven from the support of the ticket of the Convention, but their next step should have been to abstain from affiliating with the opponents of their party, and return to their constituents. We have no possible doubt that the majority of the parishes will unqualifiedly repudiate this bolt and forcibly remind their representatives that constituents possess rights which they are bound to respect.

PERSONAL.—We are requested by Lieutenant-Governor Pinchback to gratefully acknowledge the receipt of scores of letters and telegrams from various sections of the United States, congratulating him on the remarkable distinction of his unanimous nomination for Governor, and to say that the pre-occupation of his time in the discharge of multitudinous duties precludes the possibility of prompt responses to the congratulations of friends.

THE FAITH THAT IS IN US.

While the course which we considered it judicious, opportune and imperative to pursue recently with reference to State politics, has subjected our conduct to the unfriendly criticism of contemporaries (like the *Colored Citizen*, published in Washington City, which says, in its last issue, when speaking of "colored exchanges"

"THE WEEKLY LOUISIANIAN."

This Journal is published at New Orleans. It declares itself "Republican at all times and under all circumstances." It is edited by W. G. Brown, and though it hoists its banner for Grant and Wilson it will probably strike those honored names from its mast-head and sail out under the black flag. It is full of politics, recommends Pinchback's nomination for Governor and brings to the front spendid editorial abilities,") and the imputation of a Liberal taint, at the hands of valued friends there have been others who, like the *Galveston Standard* (which says—"We rejoice to note from a perusal of the *Weekly Louisianian* Lieutenant Governor Pinchback's paper, that that Gentleman, not only hoists Grant and Wilson's names at the mast-head of his journal, but has in no wise yielded as yet to the blandishments of the Greeley Democracy, or been driven by the ill advised acts of intemperate Republicans into a support of the Baltimore nominee,") have given us credit for sincerity of purpose in all our efforts during our fend. The consciousness of integrity, and the just generosity of sagacious men, have furnished some of the compensations we have enjoyed. We are to-day as deeply impressed with the necessity and the benefits of harmonious relations between the whole people of the State as we ever were, we believed that the formative period had arrived, and we seized the opportunity to test the sincerity of those who we found entrusted with the work of inaugurating this era. The touch-stone was applied and their professions would not endure the test.

We dared not proceed a single step further; and we have to lament that the carrying out of an idea built on the soundest principles of humanitarian and progressive doctrines, the admission in theory and the practical illustration in action, of belief in the common origin and destiny of man, the mutual and necessary dependence of one portion on the other, was not entrusted to hands, who would have unhesitatingly discarded the idea of "impracticability" and *followed* the direction of events, instead of diverting the current from its natural flow.

From what has been published of the proceedings of the Conference Committees of the Regular Republican and the Liberal Committees it is plainly revealed that while there was intense anxiety to have as much co-operation from colored men, as was possible, there was neither inclination nor intention to sufficiently recognize and illustrate their own doctrine by an adequate recognition of negro claims to offices of distinction. Therefore we have fairly and fully resolved, that whatever others may do, we and ours will save the old Republican party with all its faults and accidents.

GRAND FAIR.—The ladies of the "UNION CHAPEL," M. E. Church, are giving a fair in Soule's Chapel, on Marais street, to raise funds in aid of the completion of their splendid structure on Bienville street. The fair commenced on August 14, and will continue for a week. We are glad to learn that the encouragement given so far is very satisfactory.

We are thankful for a complimentary. Admission only 25 cents.

PERSONAL.—We copy the following interesting personal item from the Baton Rouge State Journal. We heartily congratulate the honorable Senator on the happy event:

Hon. J. R. Gallup, State Senator from West Baton Rouge, was quite surprised to find a young Miss Gallup, on Saturday last, at his residence, on his return to Baton Rouge—weight, 10 pounds, precisely.—*Iberville News.*

THANKS—Our acknowledgments are hereby tendered to J. M. Edmunds, Esq., Secretary of the Union Republican Congressional Committee, for a copy of the Congressional Directory, of the forty-second Congress.

Also to Hon. Niles G. Parker State Treasurer of South Carolina, for a copy of a defence of his official acts.

NEW STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The members of the New Central Committee of the Regular Republican party of Louisiana, will meet on Monday at 12 o'clock, in the Senate Chamber, when they will perfect their organization, and enter actively on their campaign labors. Among the first of these will be arrangements for speakers to address the prople of Louisiana on the political issues of the day, both State and national.

The following are the members as elected and appointed to date:

STATE AT LARGE.

P. B. S. Pinchback, of Orleans,
H. C. Dibble, of Orleans,
A. B. Harris, of Concordia,
W. G. Brown, of Orleans,
Chas. B. Halstead, of Iberville,
St. Felix Cazeaure, of Orleans,
J. P. Murphy, of Orleans,
L. C. Courcelle, of Plaquemines,
Aristide Mary, of Orleans,
C. F. Claudin, of Orleans.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

W. D. Floyd, of St. Helena,
L. P. Pijeaux, of Orleans,
Wm. Weeks, of Orleans.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

W. B. Barrett, of Orleans,
P. Creagh, of Orleans,
Wm. Murrell, of Lafourche.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

P. G. Deslonde, of Iberville,
C. Z. Lange, of Iberville,
Geo. Washington, of Assumption.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

L. J. Souer, of Avoyelles,
Ratord Blunt of Natchitoches,
Geo. Y. Kelso, of Rapides.

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Thomas Reber, of Concordia,
N. Marvin, of Catahoula,
E. W. Wall, of Concordia.

☞ Queen Victoria in her address to her Parliament a few days ago, said, with reference to the famous Alabama claims:

"I rejoice to inform you that the controversy which had arisen between my Government and the United States, in consequence of the presentation of the American claims for indirect damages under the treaty of Washington, was composed by a spontaneous declaration of arbitrators entirely consistent with the views I announced to you at the opening of the session, in concurrence with your action on the part of the United Kingdom".

The interpretation of which diplomatic utterance is that the Geneva arbitrators have thrown out the claims for "consequential damages" put in by the American Government against England.

HON. JAMES LYNCH.—We rejoice with this gentleman over the triumphant vindication of his innocence and acquitted from what has been proved to be a malicious prosecution, which a thorough investigation of the charges established. Immediately following this acquittal about a hundred and fifty citizens addressed the following letter to Mr. Lynch:

JACKSON, MISS., July 31st, 1872.

Hon. James Lynch;

Dear Sir—The undersigned, your fellow-citizens, deeply symyathizing with you, in view of the foul charge which you have so recently been obliged to refute—a charge without foundation in fact—but evidently instigated and concocted by your enemies with the base, malicious intent to ruin your character and blast your honorable aspirations, and congratulating you upon a complete exoneration from all evil intent, as well as a triumphant acquittal, would be glad to show our appreciation of your abilities, and our confidence in you as a man, by listening to an address to be delivered by you at 8 o'clock this evening in the Hall of Representatives.

Trusting you will deem it proper to comply with our request, we remain yours respectfully.

ANOTHER PROP GONE.—We are reliably informed that Hon. Aristide Mary has severed his connexion with the Custombouse folks, and resolved to support the nominees of the Republican party with P. B. S. Pinchback for Governor. We need not utter one word of eulogy of Mr. Mary, he is too well known for that.

☞ The friends in the country and city will take notice that the Headquarters of the Regular Republican State Central Executive Committee supporting Grant and Wilson for President and Vice-President, and Pinchback and Harris for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, will remain at No. 16 Dryades street, opposite the Mechanics' Institute where all communications should be addressed.

KEEP COOL.

As the approaching campaign is quite likely to be a spirited one, we would advise our friends to keep cool and indulge in as little parading as possible. Parades cost a great deal of money, and in many instances produce disturbances which operates against the party; so far as the colored people are concerned, their minds are already made up—at least nine tenths of them will unquestionably vote the Pinchback ticket, not merely because Mr. Pinchback is a colored man, but because they believe their rights and interest willbe best secured by his election, and a large number of white men *know* that with Mr. Pinchback they would have far better chances of recognition than from either of the other candidates now in the field, especially is this case with the bone and sinew of the white people. Ours is the people's ticket; it therefore needs no extensive canvass, no parades, and no large expenditure of money.

COL. JAMES LEWIS.

The gentleman whose name heads this article has, by exalted patriotism in putting his declination in the hands of the Packard Committee to be used in the interest of the unity of the Republican party, has shown a disinterestedness, and devotion to principle of a very high order. We sincerely regret that he was not nominated by the convention and wish to assure the Colonel that in our opposition to him (for we are in honor bound to support our own ticket, and besides, our candidates' claims are second to none) we wil endeavor to deal justly and fairly.

[From the Iberville News.]

THE WINNING TICKET.

PINCHBACK FOR GOVERNOR.

As we go to press, the information reaches us, that the Republican State Convention which assembled at New Orleans on the ninth inst., has nominated a straight Republican ticket, headed by Hon. P. B. S. Pinchback for Governor, and Hon. A. B. Harris for Lieutenant Governor. Our informant being unable to give the names of the other nominees of the Convention, we can not furnish our readers with that gratifying intelligence before our next issues of The News. But we are authorized to announce, that our valued friend, Hon. P. G. Deslonde, was honored with the nomination for the State Senate, from this district.

Until we learn all the facts, and can speak authoritatively, we can not fully express the views which influence our adoption of this ticket. With Pinchback and Harris at the head of the column, firing their enthusiastic followers with their burning eloquence, their most sceptic opponent must perceive that their line of march is in the direction of victory, and that to dispute their way is to reject the most patent conviction of the hour.

The News is the first public journal that was bold enough to hoist the name of Mr. Pinchback for Governor, and it will be the last one to furl the Pinchback, banner. Our candidate may not be the equal of some of his opponents, in learning and erudition; but we claim for him an equal share with any of them, of that patriotism which should leaven the political sentiments of every aspirant for public office. And that our candidate stands above all competitors, in points of popularity, we contend that such will be the verdict rendered at the polls on next November.

In the absence of the editors, attending the State Convention, we can not further define the position of the News in the present campaign.

A western traveler writes: "In passing through the burnt district in Wisconsin I never saw no shrubs or briers anywhere, a thing I never saw before, and would not have believed it had I not seen it."

MARRIAGE AND WILLS.—Marriage, after making the will, renders the will void, probably for the reason that the testator is held to have been of unsound mind or he would not have committed the folly of getting married.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

A committee from the Le convention was announced and following communication was ceived from them and read to convention.

HEADQUARTERS LIBERAL PA New Orleans, August 9, 187

To the President of the Convention of Regular Republican party.

Sir—I have the honor to announce you that I am instructed to report your honorable body will appoint a committee to confer with this other party further that the appointment be made your earliest convenience. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

LOUIS BUSH,
Chairman of the Conference Committee the Liberal party.

Delegate A. B. HARRIS moved the communication be laid on table subject to call.

General Campbell took the and argued in favor of the appointment of a committee of conference and was proceeding to point out advantages to the colored people of a union with the white people and the party with which Charles Sumner, Horace Greeley and life long Republicans were identified with and was expressing his conviction that Horace Greeley would certainly be elected—when he was interrupted by jeers and yells from the lobby, followed by a motion to clear the lobbies. The speaker hoped that the lobbies would not be cleared and the motion was withdrawn.

Delegate David Young raised a point of order, that the convention having doubled its representation required to be reorganized so that all of the members might participate in the selection of officers.

Mr. Pinchback (in the chair) thought the point well taken, but hoped the deligate would not press it. Other points of order were raised, and at the same time several delegates expressed their hopes that Mr. Campbell would be heard.

Resolutions to re-organize were now introduced, whereupon President Campbell resumed the chair.

Delegate Dibble moved to proceed to election of permanent president.

President Campbell tendered his resignation.

Motion of delegate A. B. Harris to accept it, was followed by motion of delegate Dewees to lay it on the table.

On motion to lay on the table the yeas and nays were called resulting in—Yeas 192; Nays 180.

The refusal to to accept the resignation was cheered long and lustily.

The President acknowledged the compliment.

Delegate Pinchback moved to adjourn till 8 o'clock p. m.

Convention adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

On the assembling of the Convention a call of the roll by parishes and wards was ordered, and a quorum present.

Delegate Pinchback moved the election of a committee of fifteen on conference, three from each Congressional district, to confer with committee to be appointed by the State Central Committee presided over by Hon. S. B. Packard with view to harmonize the Republican party.

The motion was adopted and a recess taken to allow the respective districts to select their quota.

After an hour's recess the members returned to the Hall and the Convention called to order, and the Committee announced as follows:

First district—P. B. S. Pinchback of Orleans; Harry Mahoney, of Plaquemines; Octave Rey, of Orleans.

Second district—W. P. Green, Peter Joseph, of Orleans, and Oscar Crosier, of Lafourche.

Third district—George Washington, of Assumption; H. Stephens, of ——, and L. E. Beatley, of Ascension.

Fourth district—George Y. Kelso of Rapides; Ratford Blunt, of Natchitoches, and George L. Smith, of Caddo.

Fifth district—A. B. Harris, and D. Young, of Concordia, and S. Marvin, of Catahoula.

On motion of delegate Pinchback the convention adjourned to Saturday Aug. 10 at 12 o'clock.

Wright, William Heinsmeyer, Johnson Bellvin, Cæsar Morgan, Alexander Grimstead, R. Young, William Crawford, R. W. Porter, William Helt.

St. Bernard—G. H. Flagg, H. Edinburg, Leopold Guichard, Isaiah Johnson.

St. Helena—W. B. Floyd, Charles Foster, R. S. Primmes.

St. John the Baptist—George W.

...s, Henry Demas, Gravier
...s, John Cavalle.
...s, Martin L. E. Laleire, Charles
...ss, Paul M. Abadie, T. Narcisse.
...ss—Jack Spratlin, John Es-
...H. C. Myers.
...s, Charles—Peter Harper, Ed-
...d Henderson, John Bailer,
...n Clark L. D. Broussard, M. S.
...James Warfield, Raymond
...ker.
...s James—O. F. Hunsaker, John
...ugath, J. W. Hunsaker, J. C.
...r, C. Oliver, H. Riley, N. S.
...ley, Peter Moody, Jr.
...s Landry—Elbert Grant, J. J.
...mp, Onema Olubespiere, C.
...ton, J. C. Barry, G. W. Brown,
...Wadsworth, Nelson Thomas.
...s Mary—F. J. D'Avy, Emerson
...ley, Charles Smith.
...s Tammany—Anthony Burrell,
...am Taylor.
...ngipo Henry Lawson, Sol.
...it.
...Terrebonne—F. R. Wright, Gen-
...l Lyons, Thomas N. Cage, An-
...ay Drayton, Joseph Wright, C.
...Merrett, Benj. Lewis.
...ass,—James S. Matthews, Ga-
...l Johnson, William Johnson,
...bert Worrall.
...Hamilton—C. H. Romick, Lofty
...Briggs, A. M. Murtaugh, John
...Bisdore.
...an—Philip Bazeldier, Green
...Bentley.
...Webster—J. D. Harper, Sam-
...Mooring.
...West Baton Rouge—Robert Mor-
...f. Mellany, Cornelius Johnson
...West Feliciana—J. P. Nesham
...er Diggs, L. B. Jenks, W.
...mer.

FIRST CAMPAIGN GUN.

...a regular meeting of the First
...ict Regular Republican Mother
...b held on Wednesday Eve-
...g the 14th instant, pursuant to
...journment; the first Vice Presi-
...nt Mr. Jos. P. Murphy, was in
...Chair.

...he following resolution was
...ed by Mr. Joseph Harris, and
...animously adopted:

...HEREAS, Mr. Thomas Isabelle the
...sident of this Club, bolted from
...e Regular Republican Convention
...which he was elected a delegate to
...esent this ward;

...Resolved, That we, the members of
...e First Ward Regular Republican
...Mother Club, declare the office of
...esident of this Club vacant.

...The following resolution introduced
...Mr. Wm. P. Casis, was adopted
...th enthusiasm:

...Resolved, That we endorse the ac-
...of the Regular Republican Con-
...tion, which assembled in Mechan-
...Institute on the 9th instant, and
...ge our earnest and undivided sup-
...to secure the election of the nom-
...s of said Convention.

...Resolved, That in the Hon. P. B.
...Pinchback, and the gentlemen
...ociated with him, we recognize
...and tried Republicans, eminently
...alified to discharge the duties of the
...ces for which they are candidates.

...Resolution by Mr. Louis Davis:

...Resolved, That a vote of thanks be
...is hereby, Messrs. Murphy, Casis,
...t, McDonnell and Boswell, the
...delegates out of eight from the
...st Ward, who faithfully discharged
...r duty in the Regular Republican
...nvention which met on the 9th in-
...t.

...The above was unanimously ad-
...ted.

...The following resolution offered by
...r. William Harris, was also adopted:

...Resolved, That the LOUISIANIAN be
...d is hereby elected official journal
...f the Regular Republicans of the
...st Ward.

...On motion, The Club adjourned to
...et on Thursday evening, the 22d
...stant at 8 o'clock.

JOS. P. MURPHY,
First Vice President and acting Pre-
sident.
RANDALL MCDONNELL,
Corresponding Secretary.
A true copy from the minutes:
ARTHUR FULLER, Recording Secty.

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Song. Kucken ..... 30 cts.
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Steward ..... 30 cts.
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Jound
Jocus Polka. Four Hands.
Strauss ..... 35 cts.
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Kinkel ..... 40 cts.

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I. REIVAS, N. G.
ALEX. JOHNSON, V. G.
JAMES LEVINGSTON, Treas.
WM. A. BARON, Secty.

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Dr. Colletso has just completed arrangements to supply the people in America with his valuable Pills, and to prevent any imitation of them, manufactures them at his Central Depot, No. 32 Carondelet street, New Orleans, where orders are already pouring in from all parts of the country. Dr. Colletso, to assure the people that his

ALTERATIVE PILLS

are not gotten up on speculation and never yet tried, would state that he is a graduate member of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, and during his extensive practice for the last twenty-five years in Europe, has labored to produce some medicine which would come within the reach of all, and and which would effectually cure a large number of complaints so general, and for the want of an article of this kind generally goes neglected until the healt is impaired and undermined and the constitution shattered. He, therefore, has tried them effectually in Europe for the last fifteen years, with the most satisfactory results, and their success has been so complete, that it has astonished even himself, and surpassed his most sanguine expectations. One or two boxes save hundreds of dollars in doctors' fees every year in curing the following complaints, which are at the foundation of all diseases:

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The following is only one of thousands of thousands of testimonials that could be published, but as it is from four of the most eminent Physicians in London, it is considered substantial proof of their efficacy in Fever and Cholera cases:

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1	prize of	5,000 is	5,000
1	prize of	4,000 is	4,000
1	prize of	3,000 is	3,000
1	prize of	2,000 is	2,000
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4:00 A. M. COAST ACCOMMODATION, Daily, except Sundays, for Ocean Springs and intermediate regular and flag Stations; arrives at Ocean Springs at 8:10 P. M.
5:20 P. M. FAST EXPRESS, Daily, for Mobile—will stop only at Pontchartrain, Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, East Pascagoula and St. Elmo; arrive at Mobile at 11:30 P. M.
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We shall support the doctrine of an equitable division of taxation among all classes, a faithful collection of the revenues, economy in the expenditures, conformably with the exigencies of the State or Country and the discharge of every legitimate obligation.

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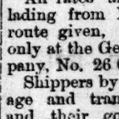
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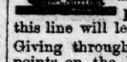
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